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**Knowledge Advancing Social Justice** 

# Reducing Risky Alcohol Use: What Health Care Systems Can Do

Mary Brolin, PhD Constance Horgan, ScD Amity Quinn, PhD Maureen Stewart, PhD Brooke Evans, MSW, LCSW, CSAC

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### **Our Society Faces Many Problems**



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## Doctors Face Similar Challenges with Their Patients







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# Where do we focus our efforts, time and resources?

# Must Answer Two Key Questions Is there evidence of a:



# Risky drinking has both

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# What is risky drinking and how much of a problem is it?

# **Risky Drinking**

- Any level of alcohol use that increases risk of harm to a person's health or well-being or that of others
- Most risky drinkers are NOT dependent



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Grant BF, et al., 2004; Dawson DA, et al., 2004

# 1 out of 4 Adults Engage in Risky Drinking

### **US Adults**

- 79.7 million risky drinkers
- 17.4% past month binge drinking
- 5.9% past month heavy alcohol use

### MA Adults

- 1.3 million risky drinkers
- 17.4% past month binge drinking
- 7.0% past month heavy alcohol use

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# Risky Alcohol Use has Serious Consequences



240 alcohol related deaths per day



Can lead to health problems such as cirrhosis and cancer



Can complicate illnesses such as diabetes, hypertension, and depression



Increased risk of injuries, violence and birth defects

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# **Risky Drinking is Expensive**

# \$249 billion in the US in 2010

\$5.6 billion in MA

\$861 per capita in MA

Binge drinking leads to <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> costs

Reducing risky drinking can save billions and improve lives

How can we reduce risky drinking?

# Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention is Effective

#### Alcohol SBI is effective for adults in primary care outpatient settings (Saitz, 2010, Kaner et al., 2009, Bertholet et al., 2005)



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## Alcohol SBI: a Prevention and Early Intervention Approach Screening Brief Intervention

### Asking a valid set of screening questions to identify patients' drinking

patterns

#### AUDIT 1-3 (US)

1. How often do you have a drink containing alcohol?

- How many drinks containing alcohol do you have on a typical day when you are drinking?
- 3. How often do you have X or more drinks on one occasion?

Where X is 5 for men, 4 for women

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A short conversation about the harmful effects of risky drinking with patients who are drinking too much



# Alcohol SBI is Cost Effective

Ranks 4<sup>th</sup> out of 25 preventive services

Saves average of \$218 per patient per year

Could save \$1.17 billion annually in MA if all adults received alcohol SBI

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Despite evidence, screening and brief intervention are limited

Why?

# **Physician Challenges**



# Limited time with patient



# Lack of training



# Discomfort with subject



# Limited of billing options

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Health System Reforms Offer Opportunities

Patientcentered medical homes Accountable Care Organizations

### Integrated care

# Health plan policies encouraging the use of SBI for alcohol problems in primary care, 2010



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# Health Plans Can Implement Specific Supportive Strategies

Implementing performance measures

Reimbursing or using alternative payment models, including pay for performance

Providing incentives for clinical practice

Implementing SBI directly in the health plan

Supporting EHRs and decision-support software

Providing training and coaching

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# Local and National Providers Offer Key Lessons

### SSTAR, CHA, MGH, VHA, Kaiser, HealthPartners



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### **Resources are Available**



#### SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions



National Screening, Brief Intervention & Referral to Treatment

Addiction Technology Transfer Center Network Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

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Planning and Implementing Screening and Brief Intervention

for Risky Alcohol Use A Step-by-Step Guide for

Primary Care Practices



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Our Goal: Screen 50% of MA adults annually for risky alcohol use by 2020 and 75% by 2025



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## To achieve these goals we need to:

Identify promising approaches to implement alcohol SBI

Attend our follow-up strategy meeting with health plans, delivery systems, CDC and NACDD

Ensure payment supports reduction of risky drinking

Use performance measures to drive change

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