



Survey of Risk-Based Contracting and Physician Compensation in Organized Delivery Systems

Conducted by

Brandeis University, Heller School of Social Policy and Management Council of Accountable Physician Practices





Participating CAPP Groups – Summer/Fall 2011



Atrius Health Austin Regional Clinic Billings Clinic Dean Health System The Everett Clinic Fallon Clinic Geisinger Health System Group Health Physicians Health Care Partners HealthPartners Medical Group Henry Ford Medical Group Intermountain Medical Group Kaiser Permanente Med Group Marshfield Clinic Mayo Clinic Oschner Health System Palo Alto Medical Foundation Scott & White Healthcare Sharp Rees-Stealy Med Group Virginia Mason Medical Group Wenatchee Valley Med Center





Health System Characteristics: Number and Type of Clinicians







Health System Characteristics: Clinician Mix

0.00



4





Types of Contracts



Calculated as a simple (unweighted) average (n= 21).





2010 Patient Revenue by Contract Type







Organization and Market Characteristics



■ Risk Groups ■ FFS Groups





2010 PCP Compensation Method







Risk Contracting and Primary Care Physician Compensation







Medical Group Data Management

Percent of Groups Reporting "Fully Implemented"







Medical Group Patient Management

Percent of Groups Reporting They are "Far Along"







Future Predictions

Expected Payment Changes, Next Three Years



- In a survey addendum (n=15):
 - 11 groups were seeking new risk contracts: 6 risk-based, 5 FFS-based
 - 3 others were actively preparing for new contracts
- FFS groups predict a more rapid decline in FFS payments (-26%), replaced primarily by shared savings (+14%)
- More than half (56%) predict they will change physician compensation structures in the next two years





What are the largest challenges to increasing your revenue from alternative payment contracts? (n=14)







Implications

- "Many large medical groups will need to acquire new skills and tools to be ready for payment reform", *Health Affairs* Sept 2012
 - Developing and implementing information systems that track performance
 - Aligning physician-level reward systems
 - Fostering physician leadership
 - Supporting continuous performance improvement
- Recognize the difficulties, cost, and time to implement these changes nationally
 - Smaller groups lack the culture/history of managed care
 - Many areas lack the insurance partners (and their data) to gain experience with alternative contracts
- What state and federal policies are needed to support this transition?
- What further research will help groups and policymakers?