Prescription Medicines: Costs in Context and Pragmatic Solutions

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U.S. Health Care System Faces Significant Challenges

Aging population	Increased cost sharing for patients	Access restrictions, narrow networks
Rising insurance premiums	Greater prevalence of chronic diseases	Suboptimal health outcomes



Medicines are Transforming the Treatment **OF DEVASTATING DISEASES**



HEPATITIS C

The leading cause of liver transplants and the reason liver cancer is on the rise – is now curable in more than 90 percent of treated patients.*

CANCER

New therapies have contributed to a 23% decline in the cancer death rate since its peak in 1991. Today, 2 out of 3 people diagnosed with cancer survive at least 5 years.**



HIGH CHOLESTEROL

America's biopharmaceutical companies are currently developing 190 medicines to treat heart disease, stroke and other cardiovascular diseases. New PCSK9 inhibitors have revolutionized high cholesterol treatment. Between 1991 and 2011, the death rate from heart disease dropped 46%.***

The Washington Post

— November 16, 2015

Gov. Hogan's Cancer is in Remission, 30 Days After He Completed Chemo

The New York Times

December 6, 2015 -

Former President Jimmy Carter Says He is Free of Cancer



Prescription Medicine Spending Growth: 2008-2025*

After growing 12.2% in 2014, government actuaries project prescription drug spending growth to moderate over the next few years to 6-8% through 2025, in line with overall health spending



^{*}Total retail sales including brand medicines and generics

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)¹

Multiple Data Sources Confirm DRAMATIC SLOWDOWN IN PRESCRIPTION MEDICINE SPENDING GROWTH

Accounting for discounts and rebates, net spending growth rates in 2016 dipped to between 2% and 4%



IMS reported that the 2016 net prescription medicine spending growth rate was between 2% to 3%

♦ CVSHealth

CVS Health reported that net prescription medicine spending for its clients grew by 3.6% in the first half of 2016



SYSTEMS RESEARCH FOR BETTER HEALTH

Altarum Institute reported that the 2016 prescription medicine spending growth rate of 4.0% was lower than the growth rates for physician and hospital spending



Express Scripts reported that net prescription medicine spending growth for its clients was 3.8% in 2016



CMS reported that spending growth for prescription medicines fell by nearly a third between 2014 and 2015, from 12.4% to 9.0%



Medicines Account for a STABLE SHARE OF HEALTH CARE SPENDING

Health Care Expenditures Attributable to Retail and Non-Retail Prescription Drugs, 2008-2024





Source: Altarum Institute, "A Ten Year Projection of the Prescription Drug Share of National Health Expenditures Including Non-Retail," August 2015.

Spending on Brand Medicines Falls Dramatically as **MEDICINES FACE GENERIC COMPETITION**

Similar exposure in coming years to the \$105Bn loss in 2009-13 (the "patent cliff") underscores continuing cost containment in the pharmaceutical sector



Pre-expiry Value of Small Molecule Products at Risk (in Billions), 2011-2020

Notes: Pre-expiry sales of products are calculated for products losing exclusivity (LOE) in each year, the sales in the prior year for each product are aggregated to represent the collective industry exposure to LOE. Loss of exclusivity does not indicate generic market entry. Small molecule losses of exclusivity only.



Medical Procedures Become More Expensive Over Time, BUT COST CONTAINMENT IS BUILT INTO THE MEDICINE LIFE CYCLE





Source: Average hospital charges for Atorvastatin 10mg data adapted from HCUP Hospital Charge database 2005 and 2013. IMS National Sales Perspective (NSP) Invoice Price in 2005 (branded Lipitor), 2013 (generic) and 2014 (generic).

The "Blank Check" Myth Payers Have Significant Leverage to Negotiate Rebates and Discounts



NOTE: OptumRx and Catamaran merged in 2015. Their 2014 shares are shown combined.

Insurers and PBMs determine:

FORMULARY if a medicine is covered

TIER PLACEMENT patient cost sharing

ACCESSIBILITY

utilization management through prior authorization or fail first

PROVIDER INCENTIVES

preferred treatment guidelines and pathways



GROWTH IN OTHER HEALTH CARE SERVICES WILL BE FIVE TIMES

Total Medicine Spending Growth Through Next Decade





*Source: CMS National Health Expenditures Report, July 2016. **Source: PhRMA analysis of Altarum Institute, "A Ten Year Projection of the Prescription Drug Share of National Health Expenditures Including Non-Retail," August 2015.

Prescription Medicines: Costs in Context www.phrma.org/cost

According to PBMs, Medicine Prices and Spending Growth Are Declining

Brand Drug PricesLIST10.7%NET2.5%



Express Scripts experienced only a 2.5% increase in unit costs across all prescription medications—nearly 22% lower than 2015, and more than 60% lower than the increase in prices, net of rebates.

Express Scripts, CVS Health, and OptumRx all report spending growth of 3-4% in 2016.

Government data show medicines had the largest decline in spending growth of all health care categories between 2015 and 2016.



Public List Prices Don't Reflect What Insurers Actually Pay





Trends in List Price Mask Impact of Growing Discounts





New Reality of Insurance Coverage of Medicines

Increased use of deductibles

In 2015, 46% of commercial health plans required a deductible for prescription drugs, double the number in 2012.

Cost-sharing outpacing underlying medical costs

From 2004-2014, enrollee payments increased 256% for deductibles and 107% for coinsurance. At the same time, insurer costs increased only 58%.



Incentivized prescribing

Health plans increasingly incentivize providers to follow set treatment pathways.

Increase use of fail first and prior authorization requirements

Utilization management more than doubled in employer plans from 2014 to 2016.



Policies to Advance a Value Driven Health Care System

Value Based Contracting	Modernize Drug Development and Discovery	Engage and Empower Consumers
Address Market Distortions	Better Quality Measurement and Value Assessment Tools	Appropriate Use of Medicines

